

# United Nations Nations Unies

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The Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 2127 (2013) concerning the Central African Republic presents her compliments to the Permanent Representatives of Member States and to the Permanent Observers of Non-Member States to the United Nations and has the honour to refer to the List of individuals and entities subject to the measures imposed by paragraphs 4 and 7 of resolution 2196 (2015).

The Chair wishes to note that on **17 December 2015**, in accordance with its mandate pursuant to paragraph 57(b) of resolution 2127 (2013), the Committee added the following two individuals to its sanctions list:

## A. Individuals

**CFi.007 Name: 1) HAROUN 2) GAYE 3) na 4) na**

**Name (original script): na**

**Title:** na **Designation:** Rapporteur of the political coordination of the Front Populaire pour la Renaissance de Centrafrique (FPRC) **DOB:** a) 30 Jan. 1968 b) 30 Jan. 1969 **POB:** na **Good Quality a.k.a.:** a) Haroun Geye; b) Aroun Gaye; c) Aroun Geye **Low quality a.k.a.:** na **Nationality:** na **Passport no.:** Central African Republic number O00065772 (letter O followed by 3 zeros), expires 30 Dec. 2019) **National identification no.:** na **Address:** Bangui, Central African Republic **Listed on:** 17 Dec. 2015 **Other Information:** Gaye is a leader of the Front Populaire pour la Renaissance de Centrafrique (FPRC) (not listed) a marginalized ex-Seleka armed group in Bangui. He is also a leader of the so-called "Defense Committee" of Bangui's PK5 (known as 'PK5 Resistance' or 'Texas') (not listed), which extorts money from residents and threatens and employs physical violence. Gaye was appointed on 2 November 2014 by Nourredine Adam (CFi.002) as rapporteur of the political coordination of the FPRC. On 9 May 2014, the Security Council Committee established by resolution 2127 (2013) on CAR included Adam on its sanctions list. Photo available for inclusion in the INTERPOL-UN Security Council Special Notice.

**CFi.008 Name: 1) EUGÈNE 2) BARRET 3) NGAÏKOSSET 3) na**

**Name (original script): na**

**Title:** na **Designation:** a) Former Captain, CAR Presidential Guard b) Former Captain, CAR Naval Forces **DOB:** na **POB:** na **Good Quality a.k.a.:** a) Eugene Ngaikosset b) Eugene Ngaikoisset c) Eugene Ngakosset d) Eugene Barret Ngaikosse e) Eugene Ngaikouesset **Low quality a.k.a.:** a) "The Butcher of Paoua" b) Ngakosset **Nationality:** na **Passport no.:** na **National identification no.:** Central African Republic armed forces (FACA) Military identification number 911-10-77 **Address:** a) Bangui, Central African Republic **Listed on:** 17 Dec. 2015 **Other Information:** Captain Eugène Barret Ngaïkosset is a former member of former President François Bozizé's (CFi.001) presidential guard and associated with the anti-Balaka movement. He escaped from jail on 17 May 2015 following his extradition from Brazzaville and created his own anti-balaka faction including former FACA fighters.

The Committee has made accessible on its website the narrative summaries of reasons for listing of the above names, at the following URL:

<https://www.un.org/sc/suborg/en/sanctions/2127/sanctions-list-materials/summaries>.

Copies of the narrative summaries of reasons for listing are attached to this note verbale.

To obtain a fully updated version of the List of individuals and entities subject to the sanctions measures, Member States are encouraged to consult, on a regular basis, the Committee's website at the following URL:

<https://www.un.org/sc/suborg/en/sanctions/2127/sanctions-list-materials>.

The Committee's Sanctions List is available in HTML, PDF and XML format.

The Consolidated United Nations Security Council Sanctions List is also updated following all changes made to the Committee's Sanctions List. An updated version of the Consolidated List is accessible via the following URL:

<https://www.un.org/sc/suborg/en/sanctions/un-sc-consolidated-list>

17 December 2015

## NARRATIVE SUMMARIES

### **CFi.007 HAROUN GAYE**

*Date on which the narrative summary became available on the Committee's website: 17 December 2015*

HAROUN GAYE was listed on 17 December 2015 pursuant to paragraphs 11 and 12 (b) and (f) of resolution 2196 (2015) as “engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace, stability or security of the CAR”; “involved in planning, directing, or committing acts that violate international human rights law or international humanitarian law, as applicable, or that constitute human rights abuses or violations, in the CAR, including acts involving sexual violence, targeting of civilians, ethnic- or religious-based attacks, attacks on schools and hospitals, and abduction and forced displacement;” and “involved in planning, directing, sponsoring, or conducting attacks against UN missions or international security presences, including MINUSCA, the European Union Missions and French operations which support them.”

*Additional information:*

HAROUN GAYE has been, since early 2014, one of the leaders of an armed group operating in the PK5 neighborhood in Bangui. Civil Society representatives of the PK5 neighborhood state that Gaye and his armed group are fuelling the conflict in Bangui, opposing the reconciliation and preventing movements of population to and from the third district of Bangui.

On 11 May, 2015, Gaye and 300 demonstrators blocked access to the National Transitional Council to disrupt the final day of the Bangui Forum. GAYE is reported to have collaborated with anti-Balaka officials to coordinate the disruption.

On 26 June 2015, Gaye and a small entourage disrupted the opening of a voter registration drive in Bangui's PK5 neighborhood, causing the registration drive to close.

MINUSCA attempted to arrest Gaye on 2 August 2015, in accordance with the provisions of paragraph 32(f)(i) of the Security Council resolution 2217 (2015). Gaye, who was reportedly informed of the arrest attempt in advance, was ready with supporters armed with heavy weaponry. Gaye's forces opened fire on the MINUSCA Joint Task Force. In a seven-hour firefight, Gaye's men employed firearms, rocket-propelled and hand grenades against MINUSCA troops and killed one peacekeeper and injured eight.

Gaye was involved in encouraging violent protests and clashes in late September 2015 in what appears to have been a coup attempt to overthrow the Transitional Government. The coup attempt was likely led by former president Bozize's supporters in an alliance of convenience with Gaye and other FPRC leaders. It appears that Gaye aimed to create a cycle of retaliatory attacks that would threaten the upcoming elections. Gaye was in charge of coordination with marginalized elements of the anti-Balaka.

On 1 October 2015, a meeting took place in the PK5 neighborhood between Eugène Barret Ngaïkosset, a member of a marginalized anti-Balaka group and Gaye, with the aim of planning a joint attack on Bangui on Saturday, 3 October.

Gaye's group prevented people inside the PK5 neighborhood from leaving it, in order to reinforce the communal identity of the Muslim population to exacerbate inter-ethnic tensions and avoid reconciliation. On 26 October 2015, Gaye and his group interrupted a meeting between the Archbishop of Bangui and the Imam of the Central Mosque of Bangui, and threatened the delegation which had to retreat from the Central Mosque and flee the PK5 neighborhood.

***Related listed individuals and entities:***

Nourredine Adam (CFi.002), listed on 9 May 2014

**CFi.008 EUGÈNE BARRET NGAÏKOSSET**

*Date on which the narrative summary became available on the Committee's website: 17 December 2015*

**EUGÈNE BARRET NGAÏKOSSET** was listed on 17 December 2015 pursuant to paragraphs 11 and 12 (b) and (f) of resolution 2196 (2015) as “engaging in or providing support for acts that undermine the peace, stability or security of the CAR;” “involved in planning, directing, or committing acts that violate international human rights law or international humanitarian law, as applicable, or that constitute human rights abuses or violations, in the CAR, including acts involving sexual violence, targeting of civilians, ethnic- or religious-based attacks, attacks on schools and hospitals, and abduction and forced displacement;” and “involved in planning, directing, sponsoring, or conducting attacks against UN missions or international security presences, including MINUSCA, the European Union Missions and French operations which support them.”

*Additional information:*

Ngaïkosset is one of the main perpetrators of the violence which erupted in Bangui in late September 2015. Ngaïkosset and other anti-Balaka worked together with marginalized members of ex-Séléka in an effort to destabilize the CAR Transitional Government.

On the night of 27-28 September 2015, Ngaïkosset and others made an unsuccessful attempt to storm the “Izamo” gendarmerie camp in order to steal weapons and ammunition. On 28 September, the group surrounded the offices of CAR national radio.

On 1 October 2015, a meeting took place in the PK5 neighborhood between Ngaïkosset and Haroun Gaye, a leader of the Front Populaire pour la Renaissance de Centrafrique (FPRC), with the aim of planning a joint attack on Bangui on Saturday, 3 October.

On 8 October, 2015, the CAR Justice Minister announced plans to investigate Ngaïkosset and other individuals for their roles in the September 2015 violence in Bangui. Ngaïkosset and the others were named as being involved in “egregious behavior constituting a breach of the internal security of the state, conspiracy, incitement to civil war, civil disobedience, hatred and complicity.” CAR legal authorities were instructed to open an investigation to search for and arrest the perpetrators and accomplices.

On 11 October 2015, Ngaïkosset is believed to have asked anti-Balaka militia under his command to carry out kidnappings, with a particular focus on French nationals, but also CAR political figures and UN officials, with the aim of forcing the departure of the transitional President, Catherine Samba-Panza.

***Related listed individuals and entities:***

François Yangouvonda Bozizé (CFi.001), listed on 9 May 2014

Haroun Gaye (CFi.007), listed on 17 December 2015